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1.

A method for enhancing memory in an animal, comprising administering to the animal a formulation of one or more methylphenidate compounds, or pharmaceutically acceptable derivative, salt, solvate, pro-drug or metabolic derivative thereof, in an amount sufficient to enhance long-term memory in the animal, wherein the formulation includes at least 60 mol percent of a eutomer(s) relative to the distomer(s) of the methylphenidate compound(s).

The method of claim 1, wherein the formulation includes at least 60 percent (w/w) of a eutomer(s) of methylphenidate compound(s) represented by the general formula:

$$(R_1)_n$$
 A
 $(X)_p$
 $(R_3)_q$
 (I)

wherein

A represents a carbocyclic, heterocyclic, aryl, or heteroaryl ring;

U is absent or represents -C(=O)-, -C(=S)-, $-P(=O)(OR_8)$ -, $-S(O_2)$ -, or -S(O)-;

V, independently for each occurrence, is absent or represents NR, O, or S;

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Y represents NR₄, O, or S;

each occurrence of X, independently, is an atom selected from C, N, S, Se, and O;

R, independently for each occurrence, represents H, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aralkyl, or heteroaralkyl;

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each occurrence of R₁ represents, independently, aryl, C1-C6 alkyl, C1-C6 alkoxy, C1-C6 acyloxy, hydroxyl, C1-C6 alkanoyl, halogen, cyano, carboxyl, amido, amino, C1-C6 acylamino, C1-C6 alkylamino, nitro, sulfonic acid, or sulfhydryl;

R₂ is selected from H, C1-C6 alkyl, and C1-C6 alkanoyl;

R₃ represents, independently for each occurrence, hydrogen, C1-C6 alkyl, C1-C6 alkoxy, hydroxyl, C1-C6 alkanoyl, halogen, carboxyl, C2-C6 alkanoxy, nitro, or sulfhydryl, or two of R₃, taken together, represent an oxo group or a double bond between two adjacent X atoms;

R₄ represents hydrogen, lower alkyl, acyl, aralkyl, heteroaryl, or heteroaralkyl, preferably hydrogen or lower alkyl;

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R₈ represents hydrogen, or a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, aralkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkenyl, or heterocycle;

m is an integer selected from 0 and 1;

n is an integer from 0 to 7;

p is an integer selected from 3, 4, 5, and 6; and

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q is an integer from 0 to 16; or

a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative, salt, solvate, pro-drug or metabolic derivative thereof.

- 3. A method for enhancing memory in an animal, comprising administering to the animal a formulation of a methylphenidate compound, or pharmaceutically acceptable derivative, salt, solvate, pro-drug or metabolic derivative thereof, in an amount sufficient to enhance long-term memory in the animal, wherein the formulation includes at least 60 percent (w/w) of the eutomer(s) relative to the distomer(s) of the methylphenidate compound(s).
- 25 4. The method of claim 3, wherein the eutomer of the methylphenidate compound is a compound represented in the general formula (IA), or pharmaceutically acceptable salt, pro-drug or metabolic derivative thereof:

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$$(R_1)_n$$
 A
 $(X)_p$
 H
 $(R_3)_q$
 (IA)

wherein

A represents a carbocyclic, heterocyclic, aryl, or heteroaryl ring;

U is absent or represents -C(=O)-, -C(=S)-, -P(=O)(OR₈)-, -S(O₂)-, or -S(O)-;

V, independently for each occurrence, is absent or represents NR, O, or S;

Y represents NR₄, O, or S;

each occurrence of X, independently, is an atom selected from C, N, S, Se, and O;

R, independently for each occurrence, represents H, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aralkyl, or heteroaralkyl;

each occurrence of R₁ represents, independently, aryl, C1-C6 alkyl, C1-C6 alkoxy, C1-C6 acyloxy, hydroxyl, C1-C6 alkanoyl, halogen, cyano, carboxyl, amido, amino, C1-C6 acylamino, C1-C6 alkylamino, nitro, sulfonic acid, or sulfhydryl;

R₂ is selected from H, C1-C6 alkyl, and C1-C6 alkanoyl;

R₃ represents, independently for each occurrence, hydrogen, C1-C6 alkyl, C1-C6 alkoxy, hydroxyl, C1-C6 alkanoyl, halogen, carboxyl, C2-C6 alkanoxy, nitro, or sulfhydryl, or two of R₃, taken together, represent an oxo group or a double bond between two adjacent X atoms;

R₄ represents hydrogen, lower alkyl, acyl, aryl, aralkyl, heteroaryl, or heteroaralkyl, preferably hydrogen or lower alkyl;

m is an integer selected from 0 and 1;

n is an integer from 0 to 7;

p is an integer selected from 3, 4, 5, and 6; and

q is an integer from 0 to 16, or

a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative, salt, solvate, pro-drug or metabolic derivative thereof.

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5. The method of claim 3, wherein the eutomer of the methylphenidate compound is represented in the general formula (II), or pharmaceutically acceptable salt, pro-drug or metabolic derivative thereof:

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wherein

U is absent or represents -C(=O)-, -C(=S)-, -P(=O)(OR₈)-, -S(O₂)-, or -S(O)-;

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V, independently for each occurrence, is absent or represents NR, O, or S;

R, independently for each occurrence, represents H, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aralkyl, or heteroaralkyl;

R₂ is selected from H, C1-C6 alkyl, and C1-C6 alkanoyl;

R₄ represents hydrogen, lower alkyl, acyl, aryl, aralkyl, heteroaryl, or heteroaralkyl, preferably hydrogen or lower alkyl;

s represents an integer from 0 to 2; and

Ar represents a substituted or unsubstituted aryl or heteroaryl group.

6. The method of claim 3, wherein the pharmaceutically acceptable salt of the eutomer of the methylphenidate compound has a structrure represented in the general formula (III):

$$(R_1)_n$$
 A
 H
 $(R_2)_n$
 H
 $(R_3)_q$
 $(IIII)$

wherein

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A represents a carbocyclic, heterocyclic, aryl, or heteroaryl ring;

U is absent or represents -C(=O)-, -C(=S)-, -P(=O)(OR₈)-, -S(O₂)-, or -S(O)-;

V, independently for each occurrence, is absent or represents NR, O, or

S;

Y represents NR4, O, or S;

each occurrence of X, independently, is an atom selected from C, N, S, Se, and O;

R, independently for each occurrence, represents H, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aralkyl, or heteroaralkyl;

each occurrence of R₁ represents, independently, aryl, C1-C6 alkyl, C1-C6 alkoxy, C1-C6 acyloxy, hydroxyl, C1-C6 alkanoyl, halogen, cyano, carboxyl, amido, amino, C1-C6 acylamino, C1-C6 alkylamino, nitro, sulfonic acid, or sulfhydryl;

R₂ is selected from H, C1-C6 alkyl, and C1-C6 alkanoyl;

R₃ represents, independently for each occurrence, hydrogen, C1-C6 alkyl, C1-C6 alkoxy, hydroxyl, C1-C6 alkanoyl, halogen, carboxyl, C2-C6

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alkanoxy, nitro, or sulfhydryl, or two of R₃, taken together, represent an oxo group or a double bond between two adjacent X atoms;

R₄ represents hydrogen, lower alkyl, acyl, amido, ester, aryl, aralkyl, heteroaryl, or heteroaralkyl, preferably hydrogen or lower alkyl;

m is an integer selected from 0 and 1;

n is an integer from 0 to 7;

p is an integer selected from 3, 4, 5, and 6; and

q is an integer from 0 to 16;

L is a non-toxic organic or inorganic acid, or a quaternizing agent, or any combination thereof; and

t is an integer from 1 to 6.

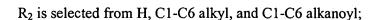
7. The method of claim 3, wherein the pharmaceutically acceptable salt of the eutomer of the methylphenidate compound has a structrure represented in the general formula (IV), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate or prodrug thereof:

wherein

U is absent or represents -C(=O)-, -C(=S)-, -P(=O)(OR₈)-, -S(O₂)-, or -S(O)-;

V, independently for each occurrence, is absent or represents NR, O, or S;

R, independently for each occurrence, represents H, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl, heteroaryl, aralkyl, or heteroaralkyl;



R₄ represents hydrogen, lower alkyl, acyl, aralkyl, heteroaryl, or heteroaralkyl, preferably hydrogen or lower alkyl;

s represents an integer from 0 to 2;

Ar represents a substituted or unsubstituted aryl or heteroaryl group; and

L is a non-toxic organic or inorganic acid, or a quaternizing agent, or any combination thereof.

10 8. The method of claim 3, wherein the metabolite of the eutomer of the methylphenidate compound has a structrure represented in the general formula (V), or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate or pro-drug thereof:

$$R_5$$
 Z
 N
 T
 G
 (\underline{V})

15 wherein

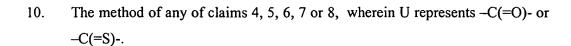
R₅, independently for each occurrence, is absent or represents hydroxyl;

Z represents -CH₂- or -C(=O)-;

T represents hydrogen or $-C(=O)-NH_2$;

G represents carboxylic acid, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, carboxylic acid methyl ester, carboxylic acid ethyl ester, or acetylamino ethane sulfonic acid.

9. The method of any of claims 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8, wherein R₂ represents H or C1-C6 alkyl.



- 11. The method of any of claims 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8, wherein at least one occurrence of V is present.
 - 12. The method of claim 11, wherein V is absent for one occurrence, and in the other V represents NH, S, or O.
- 10 13. The method of claim 4 or 6, wherein A represents an aryl or heteroaryl group.
 - 14. A pharmaceutical preparation comprising a methylphenidate compound in an amount sufficient to enhance long-term memory in the animal, wherein the preparation includes at least 60 percent (w/w) of the eutomer(s) relative to the distomer(s) of the methylphenidate compound(s).
 - 15. A single dosage pharmaceutical preparation for oral administration to a human patient, comprising one or more methylphenidate compounds in an amount sufficient to enhance long-term memory in the animal, wherein the preparation includes at least 60 percent (w/w) of the eutomer(s) relative to the distomer(s) of the methylphenidate compound(s), and is formulated for delivering a sustained and increasing dose over at least 4 hours to lessen the incidence of tolerance in the patient.
- 25 16. The preparation of claim 15, for delivering a sustained and increasing dose over at least 8 hours.
 - 17. The preparation of claim 15, comprising a multiplicity of layers each including the same or different polymers, a dose of the methylphenidate compound(s) in

an increasing dose in the multiplicity of layers, wherein in operation the preparation delivers an increasing dose of the methylphenidate compound(s) over time.

- 5 18. The preparation of claim 15, comprising a bioerodible polymer, a dose of the methylphenidate compound(s) present in an initial dose and a final dose, whereby the preparation delivers an initial dose then a final dose over time.
- 19. The preparation of claim 15, comprising a plurality of beads, each bead including a methylphenidate compound and having a dissolution profile, which plurality of beads is a variegated population with respect to dose and/or dissolution profile so as deliver, upon administration, said sustained and increasing dose over at least 4 hours
- 15 20. The preparation of claim 15, wherein the methylphenidate compound is (i) contained within a nonabsorbable shell that releases the drug at a controlled rate, and (i) formulated in at least two different dissolution profiles.

21. A kit comprising:

- a. a pharmaceutical preparation comprising a methylphenidate compound in an amount sufficient to enhance long-term memory in the animal, wherein the preparation includes at least 60 percent (w/w) of a eutomer(s) relative to a distomer(s) of the methylphenidate compound(s); and
- b. instructions, written and/or pictorial, describing the use of the preparation for enhancing memory in a patient.
 - 22. The kit of claim 21, wherein the methylphenidate compound is provided in single dosage form.

- 23. The kit of claim 22, wherein the methylphenidate compound is formulated for delivering a sustained and increasing dose over at least 4 hours to lessen the incidence of tolerance in the patient.
- 5 24. The kit of claim 21, wherein the methylphenidate compound is provided in the form of a transdermal patch.
 - 25. The method of claim 1 or 3, the preparation of claim 14 or 15 or the kit of claim 21, wherein said methylphenidate compound(s) is provided in an amount sufficient to enhance long-term memory in a patient by a statistically significant amount when assessed by a standardized performance test.
- 26. The method, preparation or kit of claim 25, wherein said standardized test is selected from the group consisting of: Cambridge Neuropsychological Test Automated Battery (CANTAB); a Children's Memory Scale (CMS); a Contextual Memory Test; a Continuous Recognition Memory Test (CMRT); a 15 Denman Neuropsychology Memory Scale; a Fuld Object Memory Evaluation (FOME); a Graham-Kendall Memory for Designs Test; a Guild Memory Test; a Learning and Memory Battery (LAMB); Rey Auditory and Verbal learning Test (RAVLT); Brief Visuospatial Memory Test (BVMT); Providence Recognition Memory Test (PRMT), a Memory Assessment Clinic Self-Rating 20 Scale (MAC-S); a Memory Assessment Scales (MAS); a Randt Memory Test; a Recognition Memory Test (RMT); a Rivermead Behavioral Memory Test; a Russell's Version of the Wechsler Memory Scale (RWMS); a Test of Memory and Learning (TOMAL); a Vermont Memory Scale (VMS); a Wechsler Memory Scale; and a Wide Range Assessment of Memory and Learning 25 (WRAML).
 - 27. The method, preparation or kit of claim 25, wherein said standardized test is a Providence Recognition Memory Test.
 - 28. The method of claim 1 or 3, further comprising administering one or more of a neuronal growth factor, a neuronal survival factor, a neuronal trophic factor, a

cholinergic modulator, an adrenergic modulator, a nonadrenergic modulator, a dopaminergic modulator, a glutaminergic modulator or an agent that stimulates the PKC, PKA, GABA, NMDA, cannabinoid, AMPA, kainate, phosphodiesterase (PDE), CREB or nootropic pathways.

- 5 29. The method of claim 1 or 3, the preparation of claim 14 or 15 or the kit of claim 21, for use in the prophylaxis or treatment of a patient susceptible to or suffering from memory impairment.
- The method, preparation or kit of claim 29, for use in the prophylaxis or treatment of a patient susceptible to or suffering from impaired memory due to
 anxiety, depression, age-associated memory impairment, minimal cognitive impairment, amnesia, dementia, learning disabilities, memory impairment associated with toxicant exposure, brain injury, brain aneurysm, Parkinson's disease, head trauma, Huntington's disease, Pick's disease, Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease, stroke, schizophrenia, epilepsy, mental retardation, Alzheimer's disease, age, attention deficit disorder, attention deficit hyperactivity disorder, AIDS-related dementia, sleep deprivation, a sleep disorder.
 - 31. The method of claim 1 or 3, the preparation of claim 14 or 15 or the kit of claim 21, for enhancing memory in normal individuals.
- 20 32. A method for conducting a pharmaceutical business, comprising:
 - a. manufacturing a preparation of claims 14 or 15; and
 - b. marketing to healthcare providers the benefits of using the preparation to increase memory function.
- 25 33. A method for conducting a pharmaceutical business, comprising:
 - a. providing a distribution network for selling the preparation of claims 14 or 15; and
 - b. providing instruction material to patients or physicians for using the preparation to increase memory function.

- 34. A method for conducting a pharmaceutical business, comprising:
 - a. determining an appropriate preparation and dosage of a methylphenidate compound to increase memory function;
- b. conducting therapeutic profiling of preparations identified in step (a),
 for efficacy and toxicity in animals; and
 - c. providing a distribution network for selling a preparation identified in step (b) as having an acceptable therapeutic profile.
- 10 35. The method of claim 34, including an additional step of providing a sales group for marketing the preparation to healthcare providers.
 - 36. A method for conducting a pharmaceutical business, comprising:
 - a. determining an appropriate preparation and dosage of methylphenidate to be administered to increase memory function; and
 - b. licensing, to a third party, the rights for further development and sale of the preparation.37. Specific treatment for ADD.
- 37. A method for enhancing attention span in an animal, comprising administering to the animal a formulation of one or more methylphenidate compounds, or pharmaceutically acceptable derivative, salt, solvate, pro-drug or metabolic derivative thereof, in an amount sufficient to enhance attention span in the animal, wherein the formulation includes at least 60 percent (w/w) of a L-threo (2S:2'S) stereoisomer, a D-threo (2R:2'R) stereoisomer, or a combination thereof of the methylphenidate compound relative to erythroisomers of the methylphenidate compound.
 - 38. The method of claim 37, wherein the animal has a condition characterized by a deficit in attention span.

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39. The method of claim 38, wherein the condition is selected from the group consisting of Attention Deficit Disorder, Attention Deficit Disorder with Hyperactivity, Tourette's Syndrome, autism, depression, and bi-polar disorder.

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- 40. The method of claim 38, wherein the condition is selected is selected from the group consisting of Attention Deficit Disorder and Attention Deficit Disorder.
- 41. A method for Attention Deficit Disorder (ADD) or Attention Deficit Disorder
 with Hyperactivity (ADHD) in an animal, comprising administering to the
 animal a formulation of one or more methylphenidate compounds, or
 pharmaceutically acceptable derivative, salt, solvate, pro-drug or metabolic
 derivative thereof, wherein the formulation includes at least 60 percent (w/w)
 of a L-threo (2S:2'S) stereoisomer, a D-threo (2R:2'R) stereoisomer, or a
 combination thereof of the methylphenidate compound relative to erythroisomers of the methylphenidate compound.
 - 42. A method of enhancing attention span in a patient, comprising administering the pharmaceutical preparation of claim 14 or 15.
 - 43. A method for treating a condition characterized by a deficit in attention span, comprising administering the pharmaceutical preparation of claim 14 or 15.
- 44. A single dose formulation of one or more methylphenidate compounds, wherein the single dose is greater than 60 mg.
 - •44. The formulation of claim 43, wherein the single dose is greater than 100 mg.
 - 45. The formulation of claim 44, wherein the single dose is greater than 250 mg.

46. The formulation of claim 45, wherein the single dose is greater than 500 mg.

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- 47. The method of claim 3, wherein the formulation includes at least at least 60 percent (w/w) of a L-threo (2S:2'S) stereoisomer of methylphenidate relative to D-threo (2R:2'R), D-erythro (2R:2'S) and L-erythro (2S:2'R) isomers of methylphenidate.
- 48. The pharmaceutical preparation of claim 14, wherein the preparation includes at least 60 percent (w/w) of a L-threo (2S:2'S) stereoisomer, a D-threo (2R:2'R) stereoisomer, or a combination thereof of methylphenidate relative to erythro-isomers of methylphenidate.
- 49. The single dosage pharmaceutical preparation of claim 15, wherein the preparation includes at least 60 percent (w/w) of a L-threo (2S:2'S) stereoisomer, a D-threo (2R:2'R) stereoisomer, or a combination thereof of methylphenidate relative to erythro-isomers of methylphenidate.
- 50. The kit of claim 21, wherein the preparation includes at least 60 percent (w/w)

 of a L-threo (2S:2'S) stereoisomer, a D-threo (2R:2'R) stereoisomer, or a

 combination thereof of methylphenidate relative to erythro-isomers of

 methylphenidate.